Scenario: #1 - Embankment, no principal spillway

Scenario Description:

An earthen embankment dam without a principal spillway pipe. A low flow tube of 6 inches or less to reduce saturation of the auxiliary spillway is installed, anti-seep collars or sand diaphragms are not required. To stabilized the grade and control erosion in natural or artificial channels, to prevent the formation or advancing of gullies, and to enhance environmental quality and reduce pollution hazards. Applied in areas where the concentration and flow velocity of water require structures to stabilize the grade in channels or to control gully erosion. Cost estimate is based upon a typical amount of earthfill of 2,000 cubic yards, and 80 feet of pipe 6" PVC pipe. Disturbed areas are protected with permanent vegetative cover. Addresses resource concerns such as soil erosion-concentrated flow erosion and water quality degradation.

Before Situation:

The operator presently has gullies forming and/or worsening on the farmland and impacting the useable area and the downstream water quality. Erosion from the gullies is allowing soil and possibly nutrients to be transported to downstream receiving waters degrading water quality and causing soil loss.

After Situation:

Area is stabilized. The advancement and/or formation of gullies is stopped, soil from gullies no longer leaves the farm, useable farm area is increased, sedimentation and other pollution hazards are decreased, and water quality downstream is protected. Any needed revegetation of disturbed areas use Critical Area Planting (342). Other associated practices such as; Pond (378), Dam (402), Fence (382), Pumping Plant (533), Watering Facility (614), and Livestock Pipeline (516) will use the corresponding Standard(s) as appropriate.

Scenario Feature Measure: Cubic Yards of Earthfill

Scenario Unit: Cubic Yard Scenario Typical Size: 2,000

Scenario Cost: \$9,033.79 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$4.52

Cost Details (by category):			Price		
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation						
Earthfill, Roller Compacted	49	Earthfill, roller or machine compacted, includes equipment and labor	Cubic yard	\$3.82	2000	\$7,640.00
Stripping and stockpiling, topsoil	1199	Stripping and stockpiling of topsoil adjacent to stripping area. Includes equipment and labor.	Cubic Yard	\$0.87	260	\$226.20
Labor				·		
Skilled Labor	230	Labor requiring a high level skill set: Includes carpenters, welders, electricians, conservation professionals involved with data collection, monitoring, and or record keeping, etc.	Hour	\$28.44	5	\$142.20
Equipment Operators, Heavy	233	Includes: Cranes, Hydraulic Excavators >=50 HP, Dozers, Paving Machines, Rock Trenchers, Trenchers >=12", Dump Trucks, Ag Equipment >=150 HP, Scrapers, Water Wagons.	Hour	\$24.95	5	\$124.75
Materials						
Pipe, PVC, 6", SDR 26	990	Materials: - 6" - PVC - SDR 26 160 psi - ASTM D2241	Foot	\$4.79	80	\$383.20
Mobilization						
Mobilization, medium equipment	1139	Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between 14,000 and 30,000 pounds.	Each	\$258.72	2	\$517.44

Practice: 410 - Grade Stabilization Structure Scenario: #2 - Embankment, pipe < 24 inches

Scenario Description:

An earthen embankment dam with a principle spillway pipe less than 24 inches, anti-seep collars or sand diaphragm, and excavated plunge pool basin. Installed to stabilized the grade and control erosion in natural or artificial channels, to prevent the formation or advancing of gullies, and to enhance environmental quality and reduce pollution hazards. Applied in areas where the concentration and flow velocity of water require structures to stabilize the grade in channels or to control gully erosion. Cost estimate is based upon a typical amount of earthfill of 4000 cubic yards, 90 feet of 18" PVC, pipe with a canopy inlet, and 3 cubic yard sand diaphragm. A non-lined plunge pool protects the outlet channel. Disturbed areas are protected with permanent vegetative cover. Addresses resource concerns such as soil erosion-concentrated flow erosion and water quality degradation.

Before Situation:

The operator presently has gullies forming and/or worsening on the farmland and impacting the useable area and the downstream water quality. Erosion from the gullies is allowing soil and possibly nutrients to be transported to downstream receiving waters degrading water quality and causing soil loss.

After Situation:

Area is stabilized. The advancement and/or formation of gullies is stopped, soil from gullies no longer leaves the farm, useable farm area is increased, sedimentation and other pollution hazards are decreased, and water quality downstream is protected. Any needed revegetation of disturbed areas use Critical Area Planting (342). Other associated practices such as; Pond (378), Dam (402), Fence (382), Pumping Plant (533), Watering Facility (614), and Livestock Pipeline (516) will use the corresponding Standard(s) as appropriate.

Scenario Feature Measure: Cubic Yards of Earthfill

Scenario Unit: Cubic Yard Scenario Typical Size: 4,000

Scenario Cost: \$20,698.05 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$5.17

Cost Details (by category): **Price Component Name Component Description** Unit **Quantity Cost** (\$/unit) Equipment/Installation Earthfill, Roller Compacted 49 Earthfill, roller or machine compacted, includes equipment Cubic \$3.82 4000 \$15,280.00 and labor yard 10 \$1,144.60 Hydraulic Excavator, 1 CY 931 Track mounted hydraulic excavator with bucket capacity Hour \$114.46 range of 0.8 to 1.5 CY. Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included. \$5.03 29 \$145.87 Earthfill, Manually Compacted 50 Earthfill, manually compacted, includes equipment and Cubic labor yard Labor Equipment Operators, Heavy 233 Includes: Cranes, Hydraulic Excavators >=50 HP, Dozers, Hour \$24.95 10 \$249.50 Paving Machines, Rock Trenchers, Trenchers >=12", Dump Trucks, Ag Equipment >=150 HP, Scrapers, Water Wagons. 231 Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, \$18.99 8 \$151.92 General Labor Hour shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc. 230 Labor requiring a high level skill set: Includes carpenters, \$455.04 Skilled Labor Hour \$28.44 16 welders, electricians, conservation professionals involved with data collection, monitoring, and or record keeping, etc. Materials Aggregate, Sand, Graded, 45 Sand, typical ASTM C33 gradation, includes materials, Cubic \$22.10 11 \$243.10 Washed equipment and labor to transport and place yard Pipe, PVC, 18", SCH 40 1373 Materials: - 18" - PVC - SCH 40 - ASTM D1785 Foot \$30.77 90 \$2,769.30 Mobilization 1139 Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between 1 \$258.72 Mobilization, medium Each \$258.72 14,000 and 30,000 pounds. equipment

Practice: 410 - Grade Stabilization Structure Scenario: #3 - Embankment, pipe ≥ 24 inches

Scenario Description:

An earthen embankment dam with a principle spillway pipe equal to or greater than 24 inches. Installed to stabilized the grade and control erosion in natural or artificial channels, to prevent the formation or advancing of gullies, and to enhance environmental quality and reduce pollution hazards. Applied in areas where the concentration and flow velocity of water require structures to stabilize the grade in channels or to control gully erosion. Cost estimate is based upon a typical amount of earthfill of 10,000 cubic yards, corrugated metal drop inlet principle spillway with a 11 ft riser and 100 ft barrel, and 82 Square feet of anti-seep collars. A rock lined plunge pool protects the outlet channel. Disturbed areas are protected with permanent vegetative cover. Addresses resource concerns such as soil erosion-concentrated flow erosion and water quality degradation.

Before Situation:

The operator presently has gullies forming and/or worsening on the farmland and impacting the useable area and the downstream water quality. Erosion from the gullies is allowing soil and possibly nutrients to be transported to downstream receiving waters degrading water quality and causing soil loss.

After Situation:

Area is stabilized. The advancement and/or formation of gullies is stopped, soil from gullies no longer leaves the farm, useable farm area is increased, sedimentation and other pollution hazards are decreased, and water quality downstream is protected. Any needed revegetation of disturbed areas use Critical Area Planting (342). Other associated practices such as; Pond (378), Dam (402), Fence (382), Pumping Plant (533), Watering Facility (614), and Livestock Pipeline (516) will use the corresponding Standard(s) as appropriate.

Scenario Feature Measure: Cubic Yards of Earthfill

Scenario Unit: Cubic Yard Scenario Typical Size: 10,000

Scenario Cost: \$47,107.33 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$4.71

Cost Details (by category): **Price** Unit **Component Name Component Description Quantity Cost** (\$/unit) Equipment/Installation Hydraulic Excavator, 1 CY 931 Track mounted hydraulic excavator with bucket capacity Hour \$114.46 13 \$1,487.98 range of 0.8 to 1.5 CY. Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included. 38 Steel reinforced concrete formed and cast-in-placed in \$735.20 Concrete, CIP, formed Cubic \$367.60 reinforced formed structures such as walls or suspended slabs by yard chute placement. Typical strength is 3000 to 4000 psi. Includes materials, labor and equipment to transport, place and finish. Concrete, CIP, formless, non 36 Non reinforced concrete cast-in-placed without forms by Cubic \$116.35 \$116.35 reinforced chute placement. Typical strength is 3000 to 4000 psi. vard Includes materials, labor and equipment to transport, place and finish. 50 Earthfill, manually compacted, includes equipment and Cubic \$5.03 129 \$648.87 Earthfill, Manually Compacted vard Earthfill, Roller Compacted 49 Earthfill, roller or machine compacted, includes equipment Cubic \$3.82 10000 \$38,200.00 and labor yard Labor Skilled Labor 230 Labor requiring a high level skill set: Includes carpenters, Hour \$28.44 32 \$910.08 welders, electricians, conservation professionals involved with data collection, monitoring, and or record keeping, etc. \$303.84 General Labor 231 Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, Hour \$18.99 16 shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc. 233 Includes: Cranes, Hydraulic Excavators >=50 HP, Dozers, Hour \$24.95 13 \$324.35 Equipment Operators, Heavy Paving Machines, Rock Trenchers, Trenchers >=12", Dump Trucks, Ag Equipment >=150 HP, Scrapers, Water Wagons.

Materials

Materials

geotextile equipment and labor to transport and place yard Aggregate, Sand, Graded, Washed Sand, typical ASTM C33 gradation, includes materials, equipment and labor to transport and place Pipe, CMP, 30", 12 Gauge 1824 30" Corrugated Metal Pipe, Galvanized, Uncoated, 16 gage. Material cost only. Dimension Lumber, Treated 1044 Treated dimension lumber with nominal thickness equal or less than 2". Includes lumber and fasteners Pipe, CMP, 24", 12 Gauge 1417 24" Corrugated Metal Pipe, Galvanized, Uncoated, 12 gage. Material cost only. Mobilization Mobilization 1139 Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between Each \$258.72 2 \$517.44							
Washed equipment and labor to transport and place yard Pipe, CMP, 30", 12 Gauge 1824 30" Corrugated Metal Pipe, Galvanized, Uncoated, 16 gage. Material cost only. Dimension Lumber, Treated 1044 Treated dimension lumber with nominal thickness equal or less than 2". Includes lumber and fasteners Pipe, CMP, 24", 12 Gauge 1417 24" Corrugated Metal Pipe, Galvanized, Uncoated, 12 gage. Foot \$24.22 100 \$2,422.00 Material cost only. Mobilization Mobilization, medium 1139 Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between Each \$258.72 2 \$517.44	Rock Riprap, Placed with geotextile	44	, ,,,		\$58.01	14	\$812.14
Material cost only. Dimension Lumber, Treated 1044 Treated dimension lumber with nominal thickness equal or less than 2". Includes lumber and fasteners Pipe, CMP, 24", 12 Gauge 1417 24" Corrugated Metal Pipe, Galvanized, Uncoated, 12 gage. Material cost only. Mobilization Mobilization, medium 1139 Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between Each \$258.72 2 \$517.44	Aggregate, Sand, Graded, Washed	45			\$22.10	11	\$243.10
less than 2". Includes lumber and fasteners Pipe, CMP, 24", 12 Gauge 1417 24" Corrugated Metal Pipe, Galvanized, Uncoated, 12 gage. Material cost only. Mobilization Mobilization, medium 1139 Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between Each \$24.22 100 \$2,422.00	Pipe, CMP, 30", 12 Gauge	1824		Foot	\$30.09	12	\$361.08
Material cost only. Mobilization Mobilization, medium 1139 Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between Each \$258.72 2 \$517.44	Dimension Lumber, Treated	1044	·		\$0.83	30	\$24.90
Mobilization, medium 1139 Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between Each \$258.72 2 \$517.44	Pipe, CMP, 24", 12 Gauge	1417		Foot	\$24.22	100	\$2,422.00
	Mobilization						
	Mobilization, medium equipment	1139	1	Each	\$258.72	2	\$517.44

Scenario: #6 - Concrete Box Drop

Scenario Description:

A Straight, semicircular, or Box Drop structure composed of reinforced concrete used to stabilized the grade and control erosion in natural or artificial channels, to prevent the formation or advancing of gullies, and to enhance environmental quality and reduce pollution hazards. Applied in areas where the concentration and flow velocity of water require structures to stabilize the grade in channels or to control gully erosion. Cost estimate is based upon a wall structure with a drop of 4 ft and weir length of 6 ft wide and is 6 ft deep with 3 ft above the crest. The unit of payment measurement is defined as cubic yards of concrete. Disturbed areas are protected with permanent vegetative cover. Addresses resource concerns such as soil erosion-concentrated flow erosion and water quality degradation.

Before Situation:

The operator presently has gullies forming and/or worsening on the farmland and impacting the useable area and the downstream water quality. Erosion from the gullies is allowing soil and possibly nutrients to be transported to downstream receiving waters degrading water quality and causing soil loss.

After Situation:

Area is stabilized. The advancement and/or formation of gullies is stopped, soil from gullies no longer leaves the farm, useable farm area is increased, sedimentation and other pollution hazards are decreased, and water quality downstream is protected. Any needed revegetation of disturbed areas use Critical Area Planting (342). Other associated practices such as; Pond (378), Dam (402), Fence (382), Channel Bed Stabilization (584), Dike (356), Grassed Waterway (412), Structure for Water Control (587), Subsurface Drain (606), and Underground Outlet (620) will use the corresponding Standard(s) as appropriate.

Scenario Feature Measure: Cubic Yards of Concrete

Scenario Unit: Cubic Yard Scenario Typical Size: 11

Scenario Cost: \$9,283.67 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$843.97

Cost Details (by category Component Name	-	Component Description	Unit	Price (\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation		·		(9) 411117		
Hydraulic Excavator, 1 CY		Track mounted hydraulic excavator with bucket capacity range of 0.8 to 1.5 CY. Equipment and power unit costs. Labor not included.	Hour	\$114.46	5	\$572.30
Earthfill, Roller Compacted		Earthfill, roller or machine compacted, includes equipment and labor	Cubic yard	\$3.82	800	\$3,056.00
Concrete, CIP, formed reinforced		Steel reinforced concrete formed and cast-in-placed in formed structures such as walls or suspended slabs by chute placement. Typical strength is 3000 to 4000 psi. Includes materials, labor and equipment to transport, place and finish.	Cubic yard	\$367.60	11	\$4,043.60
Geotextile, woven		Woven Geotextile Fabric. Includes materials, equipment and labor	Square Yard	\$2.24	46	\$103.04
Labor						
Equipment Operators, Heavy		Includes: Cranes, Hydraulic Excavators >=50 HP, Dozers, Paving Machines, Rock Trenchers, Trenchers >=12", Dump Trucks, Ag Equipment >=150 HP, Scrapers, Water Wagons.	Hour	\$24.95	5	\$124.75
Skilled Labor		Labor requiring a high level skill set: Includes carpenters, welders, electricians, conservation professionals involved with data collection, monitoring, and or record keeping, etc.	Hour	\$28.44	10	\$284.40
General Labor		Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$18.99	5	\$94.95
Materials						
Aggregate, Sand, Graded, Washed		Sand, typical ASTM C33 gradation, includes materials, equipment and labor to transport and place	Cubic yard	\$22.10	7.5	\$165.75
Rock Riprap, graded, angular, material and shipping		Graded Rock Riprap for all gradation ranges. Includes materials and delivery only.	Ton	\$22.96	14	\$321.44

Mobilization

Mobilization

Mobilization, medium	1139 Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between	Each	\$258.72	2	\$517.44
equipment	14,000 and 30,000 pounds.				

Scenario: #7 - Sheet Pile Weir Drop

Scenario Description:

A Straight structure composed of sheet pile metal used to stabilized the grade and control erosion in natural or artificial channels, to prevent the formation or advancing of gullies, and to enhance environmental quality and reduce pollution hazards. Applied in areas where the concentration and flow velocity of water require structures to stabilize the grade in channels or to control gully erosion. Cost estimate is based upon a structure with a crest of 30 ft. The unit of payment measurement is defined as the area of sheet piling in square feet. Disturbed areas are protected with permanent vegetative cover. Addresses resource concerns such as soil erosion-concentrated flow erosion and water quality degradation.

Before Situation:

The operator presently has gullies forming and/or worsening on the farmland and impacting the useable area and the downstream water quality. Erosion from the gullies is allowing soil and possibly nutrients to be transported to downstream receiving waters degrading water quality and causing soil loss.

After Situation:

Area is stabilized. The advancement and/or formation of gullies is stopped, soil from gullies no longer leaves the farm, useable farm area is increased, sedimentation and other pollution hazards are decreased, and water quality downstream is protected. Any needed revegetation of disturbed areas use Critical Area Planting (342). Other associated practices such as; Pond (378), Dam (402), Fence (382), Channel Bed Stabilization (584), Dike (356), Grassed Waterway (412), Structure for Water Control (587), Subsurface Drain (606), and Underground Outlet (620) will use the corresponding Standard(s) as appropriate.

Scenario Feature Measure: Area of Sheet piling

Scenario Unit: Square Foot Scenario Typical Size: 350

Scenario Cost: \$17,807.74 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$50.88

Cost Details (by category): **Price Component Name** Unit **Quantity Cost Component Description** (\$/unit) Equipment/Installation Sheet piling, steel, 15' 1337 Steel sheet pile, panels or barrier driven up to 15 feet and Square \$23.77 350 \$8,319.50 left in place. Includes materials, equipment and labor. Foot 49 Earthfill, roller or machine compacted, includes equipment Cubic \$3.82 1500 \$5,730.00 Earthfill, Roller Compacted and labor yard Cubic \$2.06 500 \$1,030.00 Excavation, Common Earth, 48 Bulk excavation and side casting of common earth with side cast, small equipment hydraulic excavator with less than 1 CY capacity. Includes yard equipment and labor. Materials Rock Riprap, Placed with 44 Rock Riprap, placed with geotextile, includes materials, Cubic \$58.01 30 \$1,740.30 geotextile equipment and labor to transport and place yard Mobilization \$987.94 Mobilization, large equipment 1140 Equipment >150HP or typical weights greater than 30,000 Each \$493.97 2 pounds or loads requiring over width or over length permits.

Practice: 410 - Grade Stabilization Structure Scenario: #8 - Gabion Rock Drop Structures

Scenario Description:

A Straight Drop structure constructed of rock riprap held in place by galvanized wire, such as, gabion baskets, fence panels, or "sausage" baskets. These structures are used to stabilized the grade and control erosion in natural or artificial channels, to prevent the formation or advancing of gullies, and to enhance environmental quality and reduce pollution hazards. Applied in areas where the concentration and flow velocity of water require structures to stabilize the grade in channels or to control gully erosion. Cost estimate is based upon a gabion wall structure with a drop of 3ft and weir length of 18ft (54 square feet). The unit of payment measurement is defined as volume of rock used in the gabion basket or mat. Disturbed areas are protected with permanent vegetative cover. Addresses resource concerns such as soil erosion-concentrated flow erosion and water quality degradation.

Before Situation:

The operator presently has gullies forming and/or worsening on the farmland and impacting the useable area and the downstream water quality. Erosion from the gullies is allowing soil and possibly nutrients to be transported to downstream receiving waters degrading water quality and causing soil loss.

After Situation:

Area is stabilized. The advancement and/or formation of gullies is stopped, soil from gullies no longer leaves the farm, useable farm area is increased, sedimentation and other pollution hazards are decreased, and water quality downstream is protected. Any needed revegetation of disturbed areas use Critical Area Planting (342). Other associated practices such as; Pond (378), Dam (402), Fence (382), Channel Bed Stabilization (584), Dike (356), Grassed Waterway (412), Structure for Water Control (587), Subsurface Drain (606), and Underground Outlet (620) will use the corresponding Standard(s) as appropriate.

Scenario Feature Measure: Volume of Gabion Rock

Scenario Unit: Cubic Yard **Scenario Typical Size**: 72

Scenario Cost: \$11,973.48 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$166.30

Cost Details (by categor	y):			Price		
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation						
Earthfill, Roller Compacted		Earthfill, roller or machine compacted, includes equipment and labor	Cubic yard	\$3.82	250	\$955.00
Excavation, Common Earth, side cast, small equipment		Bulk excavation and side casting of common earth with hydraulic excavator with less than 1 CY capacity. Includes equipment and labor.	Cubic yard	\$2.06	100	\$206.00
Geotextile, woven		Woven Geotextile Fabric. Includes materials, equipment and labor	Square Yard	\$2.24	60	\$134.40
Materials						
Gabion basket or mat		Gabion baskets or mats installed and filled on grade, includes materials, transport, equipment, and labor, does not include geotextile fabric.	Cubic Yard	\$141.12	72	\$10,160.64
Mobilization						
Mobilization, medium equipment		Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between 14,000 and 30,000 pounds.	Each	\$258.72	2	\$517.44

Scenario: #9 - Concrete Block Chute

Scenario Description:

A trapezoidal structure constructed of concrete masonary blocks. These structures are used to stabilized the grade and control erosion in natural or artificial channels, to prevent the formation or advancing of gullies, and to enhance environmental quality and reduce pollution hazards. Applied in areas where the concentration and flow velocity of water require structures to stabilize the grade in channels or to control gully erosion. Cost estimate is based upon a concrete block structure with a drop of 5 feet and a width of 20 feet on a 10% slope. The unit of payment measurement is defined as the area covered by the concrete blocks in square feet. Disturbed areas are protected with permanent vegetative cover. Addresses resource concerns such as soil erosion-concentrated flow erosion and water quality degradation.

Before Situation:

The operator presently has gullies forming and/or worsening on the farmland and impacting the useable area and the downstream water quality. Erosion from the gullies is allowing soil and possibly nutrients to be transported to downstream receiving waters degrading water quality and causing soil loss.

After Situation:

Area is stabilized. The advancement and/or formation of gullies is stopped, soil from gullies no longer leaves the farm, useable farm area is increased, sedimentation and other pollution hazards are decreased, and water quality downstream is protected. Any needed revegetation of disturbed areas use Critical Area Planting (342). Other associated practices such as; Pond (378), Dam (402), Fence (382), Channel Bed Stabilization (584), Dike (356), Grassed Waterway (412), Structure for Water Control (587), Subsurface Drain (606), and Underground Outlet (620) will use the corresponding Standard(s) as appropriate.

Scenario Feature Measure: Area of Blocks

Scenario Unit: Square Foot Scenario Typical Size: 1,260

Scenario Cost: \$7,741.31 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$6.14

Cost Details (by category):			Price		
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation						
Earthfill, Roller Compacted		Earthfill, roller or machine compacted, includes equipment and labor	Cubic yard	\$3.82	400	\$1,528.00
Excavation, Common Earth, side cast, small equipment		Bulk excavation and side casting of common earth with hydraulic excavator with less than 1 CY capacity. Includes equipment and labor.	Cubic yard	\$2.06	180	\$370.80
Labor						
Supervisor or Manager		Labor involving supervision or management activities. Includes crew supervisors, foremen and farm/ranch managers time required for adopting new technology, etc.	Hour	\$36.74	18	\$661.32
General Labor		Labor performed using basic tools such as power tool, shovels, and other tools that do not require extensive training. Ex. pipe layer, herder, concrete placement, materials spreader, flagger, etc.	Hour	\$18.99	35	\$664.65
Materials			·		•	•
Geotextile, non-woven, heavy weight		Non-woven greater than 8 ounce/square yard geotextile with staple anchoring. Materials and shipping only.	Square Yard	\$3.84	140	\$537.60
Block, concrete		Concrete block, hollow, normal weight, 3500 psi. Includes both full and partial sizes. Material only	Each	\$1.92	1400	\$2,688.00
Aggregate, Sand, Graded, Washed		Sand, typical ASTM C33 gradation, includes materials, equipment and labor to transport and place	Cubic yard	\$22.10	35	\$773.50
Mobilization						
Mobilization, medium equipment		Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between 14,000 and 30,000 pounds.	Each	\$258.72	2	\$517.44

Practice: 410 - Grade Stabilization Structure Scenario: #10 - Modular Concrete Block Drop

Scenario Description:

A drop structure constructed of precast modular blocks, typically 2'x2'x4, 2.5'x2.5'x5', or 2'x2'x6'. These structures are used to stabilize the grade and control erosion in natural or artificial channels, to prevent the formation or advancing of gullies, and to enhance environmental quality and reduce pollution hazards. Applied in areas where the concentration and flow velocity of water require structures to stabilize the grade in channels or to control gully erosion. Cost estimate is based upon a concrete block structure with a drop of 5 feet and a weir width of 12 feet with a stepped slope of 2:1 (H:V), for a total of 67 modular blocks. The unit of payment measurement is defined as the volume of concrete blocks in cubic yards. Disturbed areas are protected with permanent vegetative cover. Addresses resource concerns such as soil erosion-concentrated flow erosion and water quality degradation.

Before Situation:

The operator presently has gullies forming and/or worsening on the farmland and impacting the useable area and the downstream water quality. Erosion from the gullies is allowing soil and possibly nutrients to be transported to downstream receiving waters degrading water quality and causing soil loss.

After Situation:

Area is stabilized. The advancement and/or formation of gullies is stopped, soil from gullies no longer leaves the farm, useable farm area is increased, sedimentation and other pollution hazards are decreased, and water quality downstream is protected. Any needed revegetation of disturbed areas use Critical Area Planting (342). Other associated practices such as; Pond (378), Dam (402), Fence (382), Channel Bed Stabilization (584), Dike (356), Grassed Waterway (412), Structure for Water Control (587), Subsurface Drain (606), and Underground Outlet (620) will use the corresponding Standard(s) as appropriate.

Scenario Feature Measure: Volume of Blocks

Scenario Unit: Cubic Yard Scenario Typical Size: 60

Scenario Cost: \$9,399.24 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$156.65

Cost Details (by category): Price **Component Name Component Description** Unit **Quantity Cost** (\$/unit) Equipment/Installation Excavation, Common Earth, 48 Bulk excavation and side casting of common earth with Cubic \$2.06 180 \$370.80 side cast, small equipment hydraulic excavator with less than 1 CY capacity. Includes yard equipment and labor. 49 Earthfill, roller or machine compacted, includes equipment Cubic \$3.82 400 \$1,528.00 Earthfill, Roller Compacted and labor vard Materials \$153.60 Geotextile, non-woven, heavy 1210 Non-woven greater than 8 ounce/square yard geotextile Square \$3.84 40 with staple anchoring. Materials and shipping only. weight Yard 45 Sand, typical ASTM C33 gradation, includes materials, Aggregate, Sand, Graded, Cubic \$22.10 \$88.40 Washed equipment and labor to transport and place yard 1496 Pre-cast concrete blocks, typically 2ft x 2ft x 6ft, includes Cubic \$112.35 l60 \$6.741.00 Block, pre-cast concrete, modular installation and delivery. Yard Mobilization \$517.44 Mobilization, medium 1139 Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between Each \$258.72 14,000 and 30,000 pounds. equipment

Scenario: #11 - Rock Chute

Scenario Description:

A trapezoidal structure constructed of rock riprap with a geotextile base. These structures are used to stabilized the grade and control erosion in natural or artificial channels, to prevent the formation or advancing of gullies, and to enhance environmental quality and reduce pollution hazards. Applied in areas where the concentration and flow velocity of water require structures to stabilize the grade in channels or to control gully erosion. Cost estimate is based upon a rock chute with a vertical drop of 6.5 feet and a width of 12'. The unit of payment measurement is defined as the volume of rock used in the chute in cubic yards. Disturbed areas are protected with permanent vegetative cover. Addresses resource concerns such as soil erosion-concentrated flow erosion and water quality degradation.

Before Situation:

The operator presently has gullies forming and/or worsening on the farmland and impacting the useable area and the downstream water quality. Erosion from the gullies is allowing soil and possibly nutrients to be transported to downstream receiving waters degrading water quality and causing soil loss.

After Situation:

Area is stabilized. The advancement and/or formation of gullies is stopped, soil from gullies no longer leaves the farm, useable farm area is increased, sedimentation and other pollution hazards are decreased, and water quality downstream is protected. Any needed revegetation of disturbed areas use Critical Area Planting (342). Other associated practices such as; Pond (378), Dam (402), Fence (382), Channel Bed Stabilization (584), Dike (356), Grassed Waterway (412), Structure for Water Control (587), Subsurface Drain (606), and Underground Outlet (620) will use the corresponding Standard(s) as appropriate.

Scenario Feature Measure: Volume of Rock

Scenario Unit: Cubic Yard Scenario Typical Size: 144

Scenario Cost: \$8,715.16 Scenario Cost/Unit: \$60.52

Cost Details (by category):

cost Details (by Category	/):			Price		
Component Name	ID	Component Description	Unit	(\$/unit)	Quantity	Cost
Equipment/Installation						
Excavation, Common Earth, side cast, small equipment		Bulk excavation and side casting of common earth with hydraulic excavator with less than 1 CY capacity. Includes equipment and labor.	Cubic yard	\$2.06	50	\$103.00
Materials						
Rock Riprap, Placed with geotextile		Rock Riprap, placed with geotextile, includes materials, equipment and labor to transport and place	Cubic yard	\$58.01	144	\$8,353.44
Mobilization				·	·	•
Mobilization, medium equipment		Equipment with 70-150 HP or typical weights between 14,000 and 30,000 pounds.	Each	\$258.72	1	\$258.72